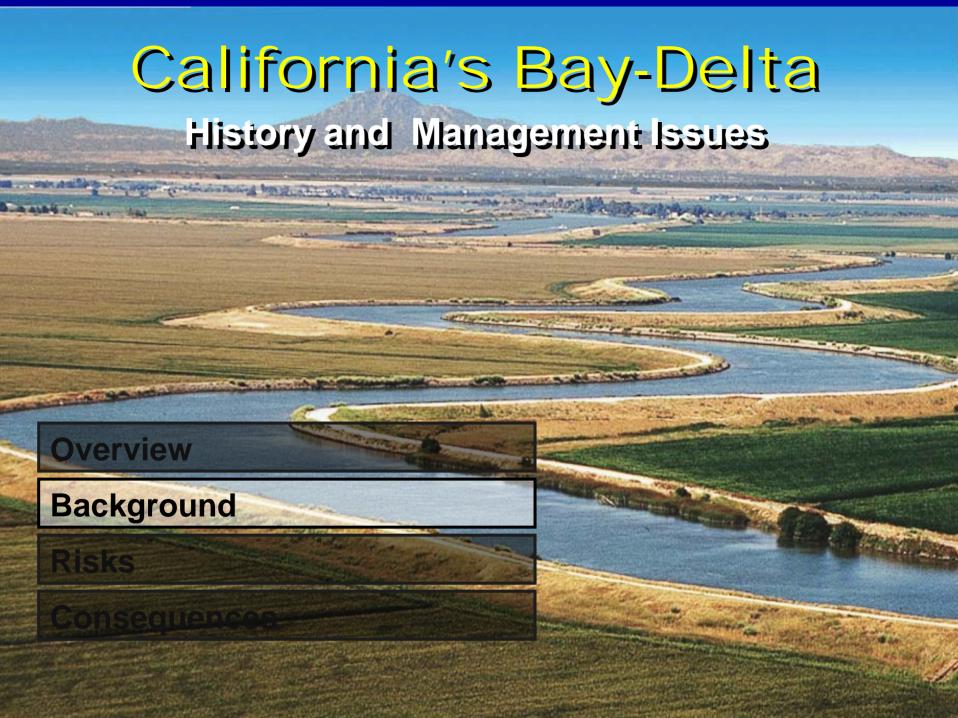
## California's Bay-Delta History and Management Issues



#### What We Know

- California's economy facing water supply risks
  - Katrina-like natural disaster
  - Reductions due to fishery conflicts
- The Delta ecosystem is fragile and threatened
- There are solutions
  - Short-term, Next decade, Long-term
  - Delta solutions need statewide support

## Major Long-term Delta Actions **Delta Vision** Delta Risk Bay-Delta Conservation Plan Management Study

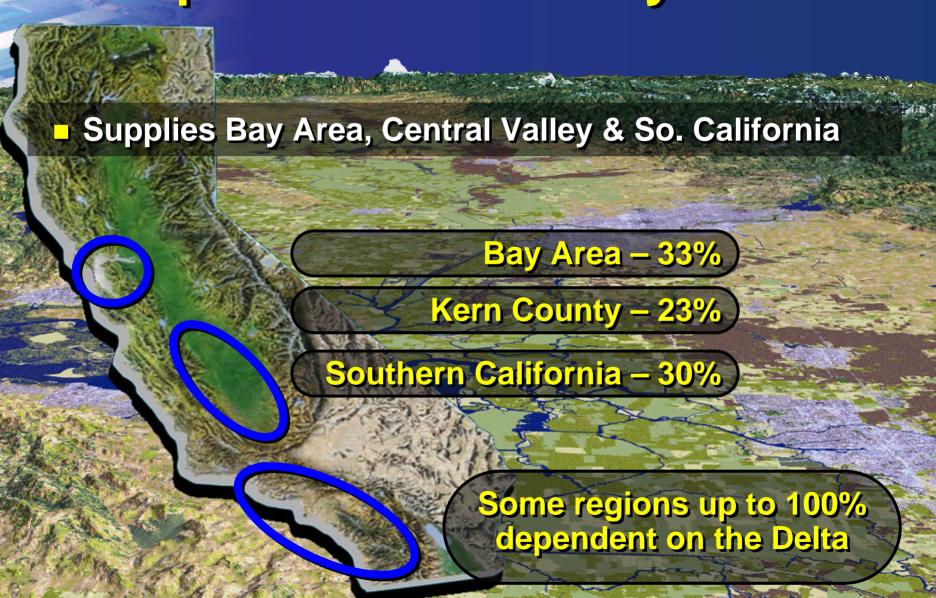


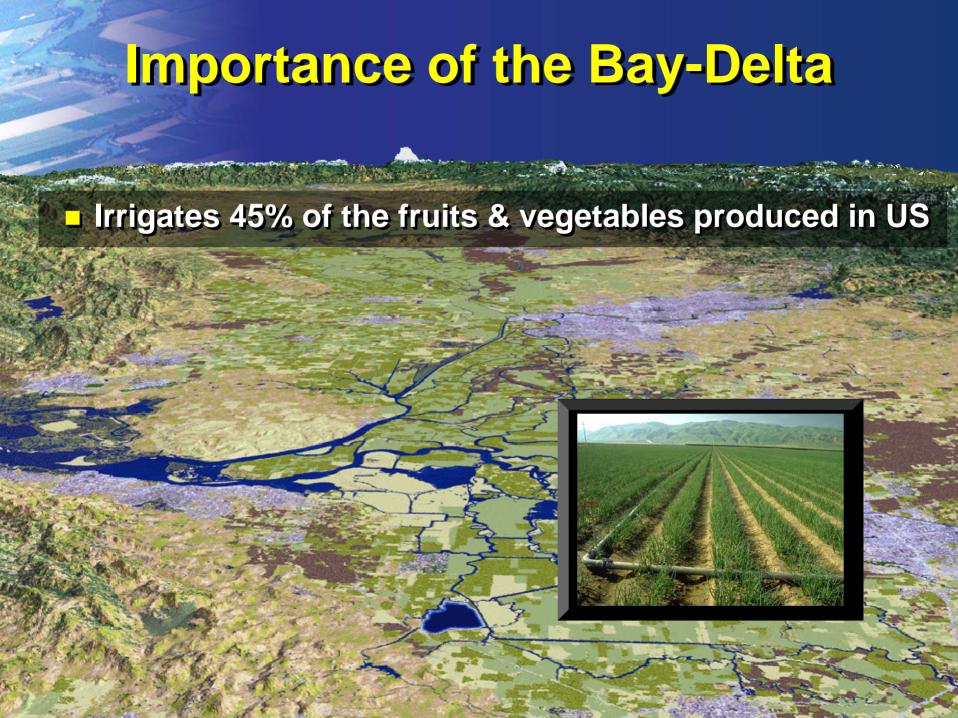
#### Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta







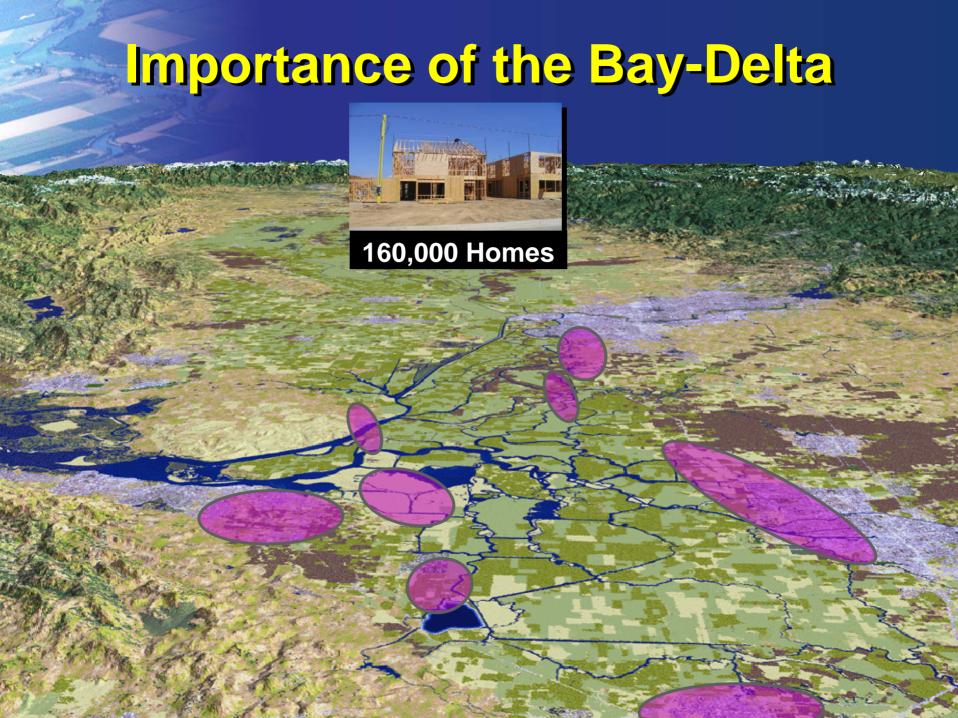






- 80% of the state's commercial fishery species live in or migrate through the Bay-Delta
- Habitat for 700 species, including 5 ESA listed species
- Largest estuary on the west coast of the Americas





## Importance of the Bay-Delta 3 Highways 64 160 160

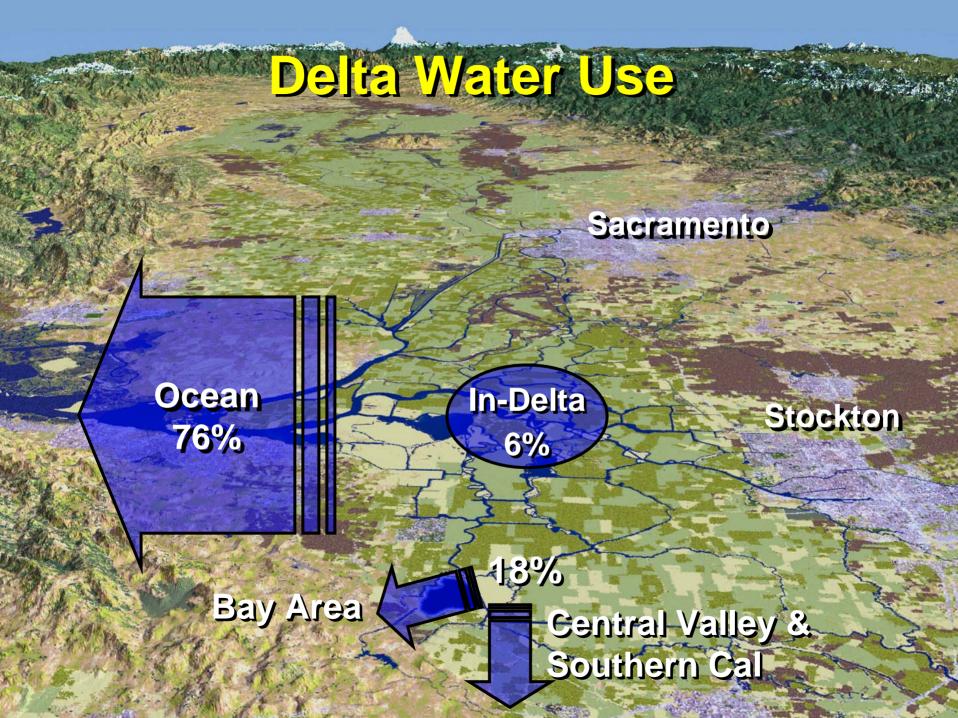


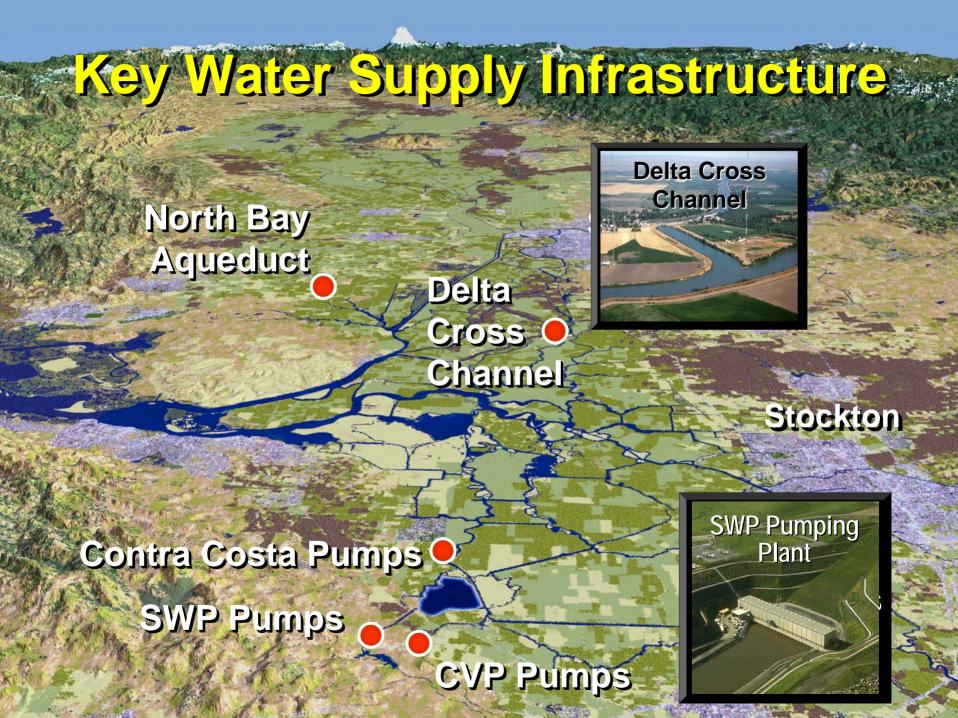
# Importance of the Bay-Delta 100s Gas Lines

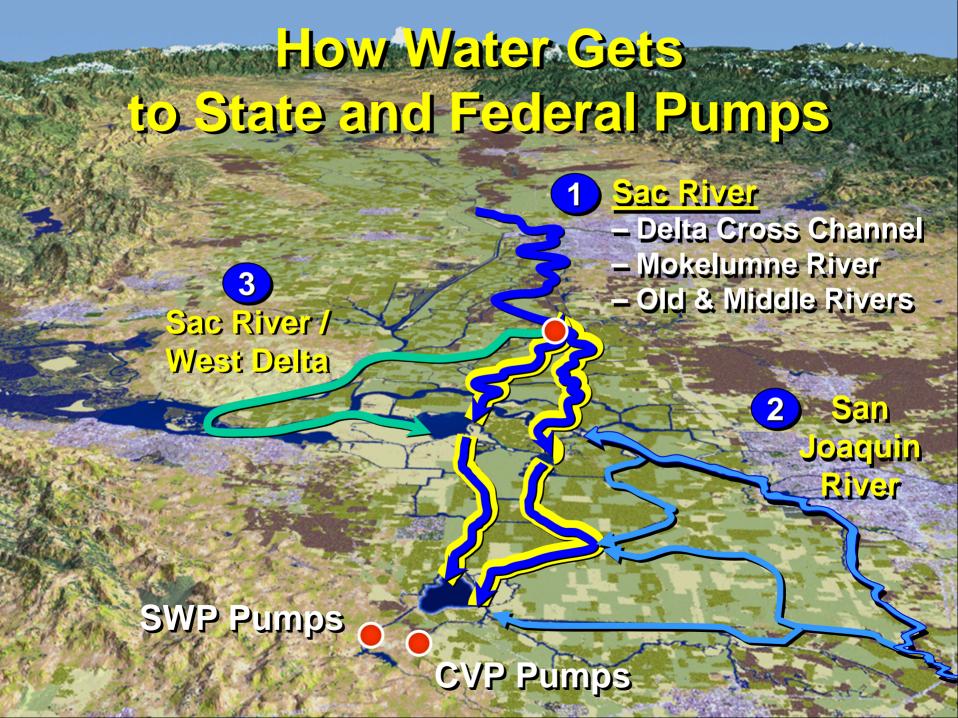
# Importance of the Bay-Delta 5 Hi-Voltage Lines

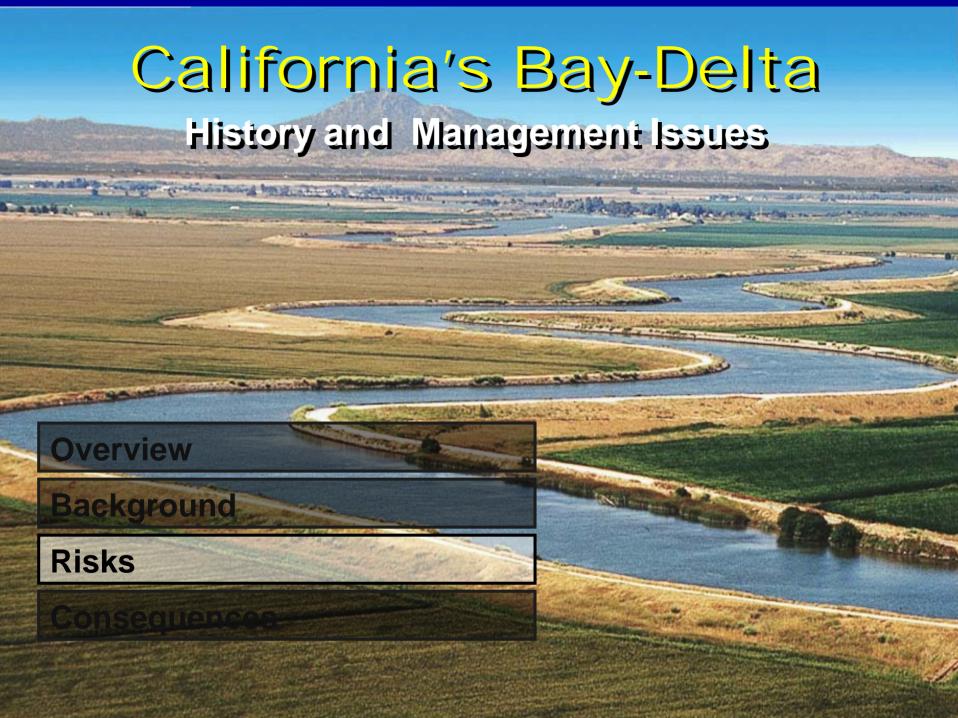
### Importance of the Bay-Delta 160,000 Homes 3 Highways 3 Railroads 160 **100s Gas Lines 12** 5 Hi-Voltage Lines ATTITLE 205



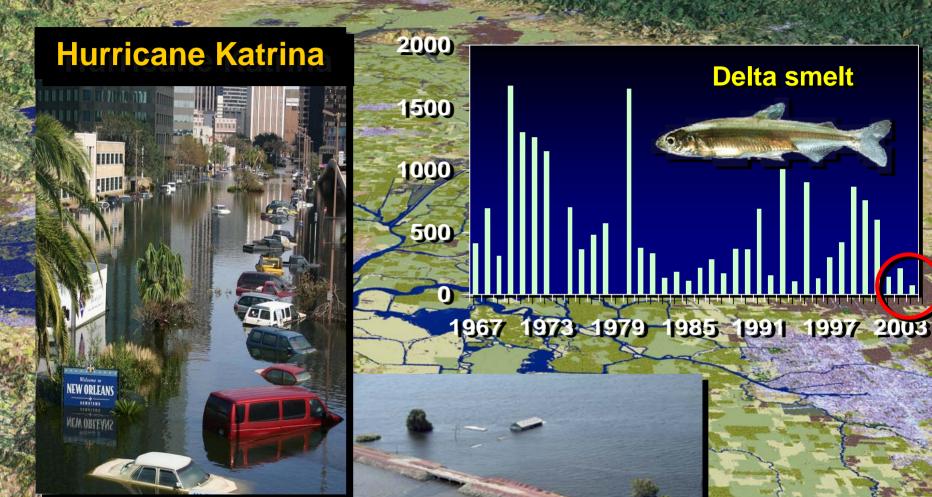








#### The Delta - The Risks are Intensifying



Jones Tract (2004)

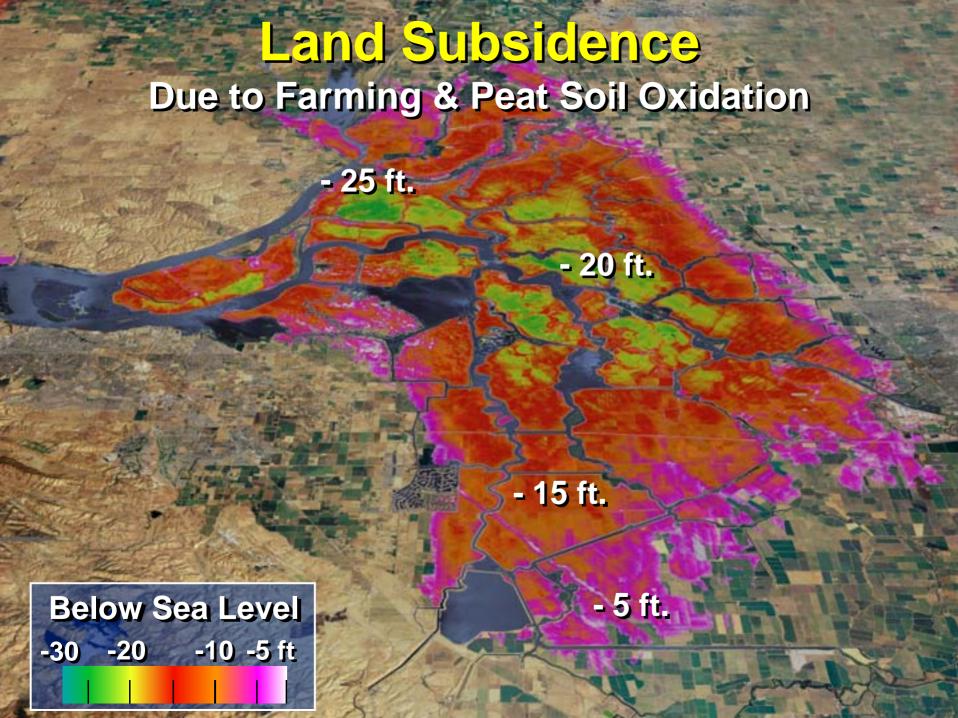
#### Six Factors that Intensify Future Risks



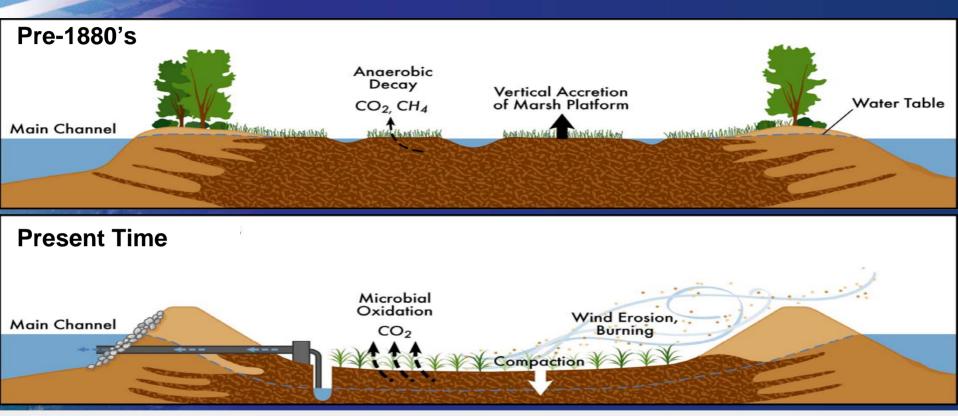
The state of the s

- Subsidence
- Sea level rise
- Regional climate change
- Seismicity
- Exotic species and ecosystem change
- Population growth and urbanization



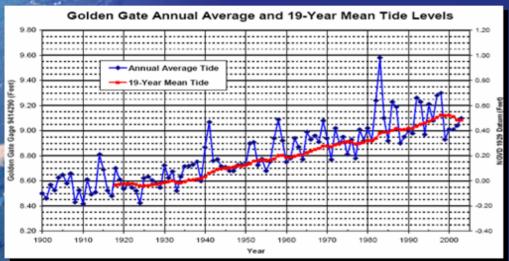


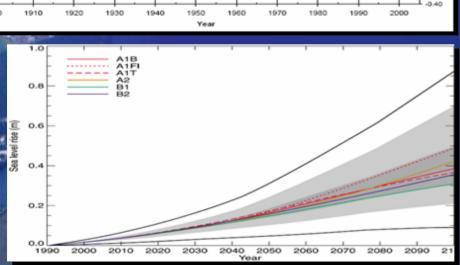
#### **Land Subsidence -- Islands or Holes?**



#### Levee Failure

#### Sea Level Rise







Past (1900 – 2000) + ½ ft sea level rise

Future (2000 – 2100)
2 to 3 ft sea level rise

#### Regional Climate Change



By 2100 + 1.4 – 5.8 °C degrees

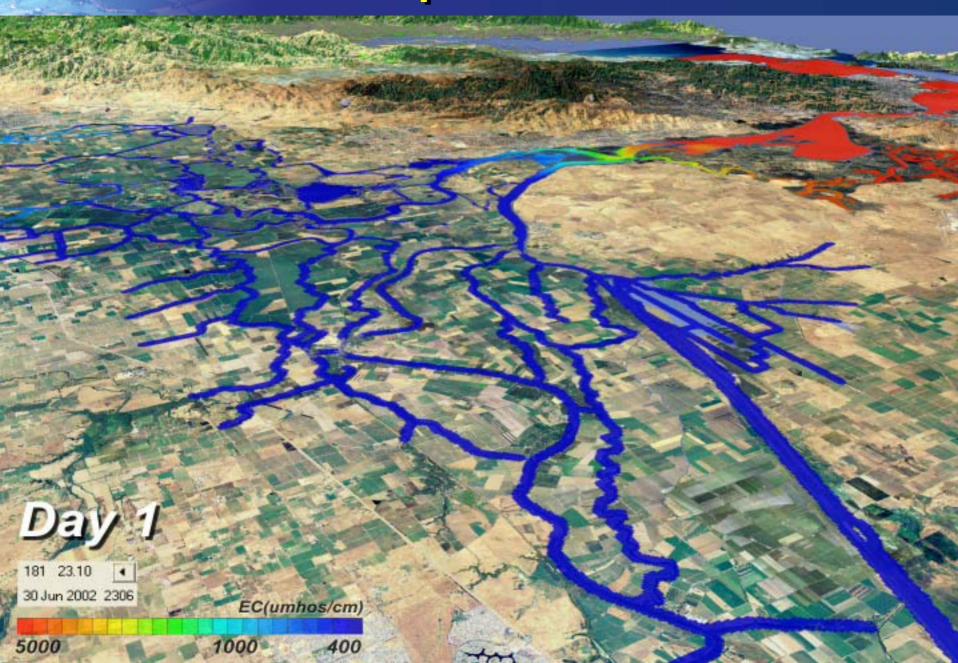
By 2050 1/3 loss of snowpack



#### **Seismic Vulnerability**

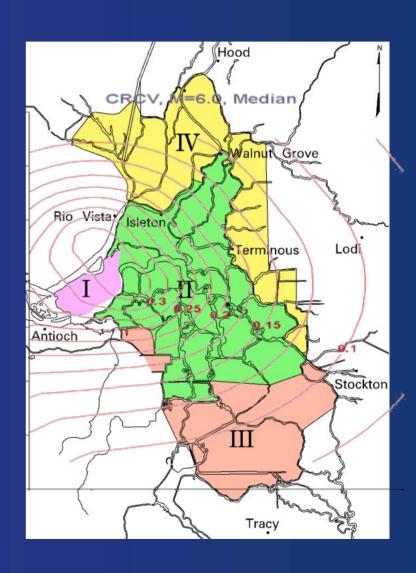


#### 6.5 Richter Earthquake & 20-Island Failure

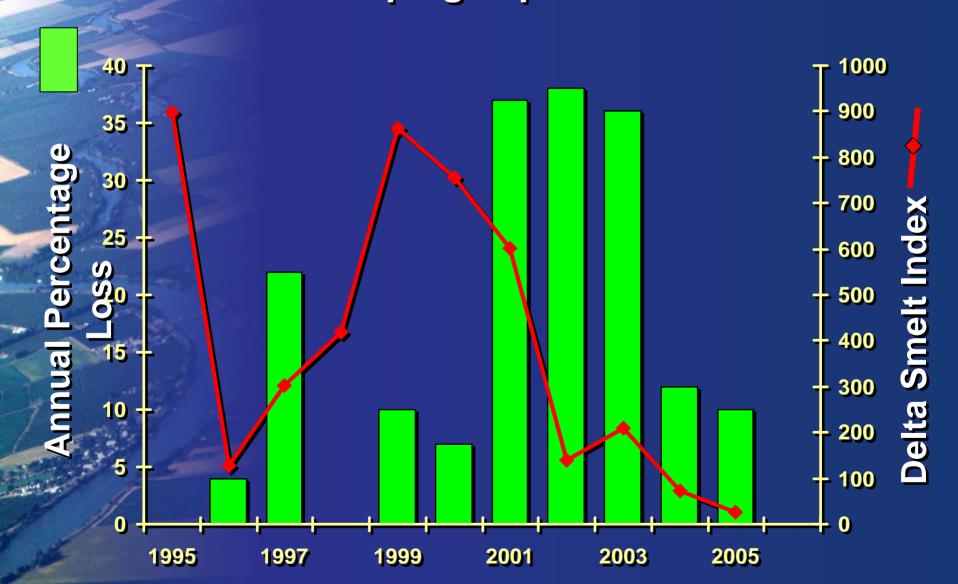


#### Hypothetical Scenario

- A 6.5 magnitude earthquake in the western Delta:
- 30 levee breaks
- 20 islands flooded
- Water quality degraded
- 200 miles of levees weakened by slumping, cracking and increased seepage
- Increased pressure on the system - future levee failures



### Kimmerer & Brown (USGS) Estimates of Pumping Impacts on Delta Smelt



#### **Urbanization**





- Fastest growing region in California
- Increasing population and water supply pressures
- Demand for conversion of the Delta to homes
- 130,000 homes = about 55,000 acres



#### **Year 1906**



#### **Year 1907**



#### **Year 1938**



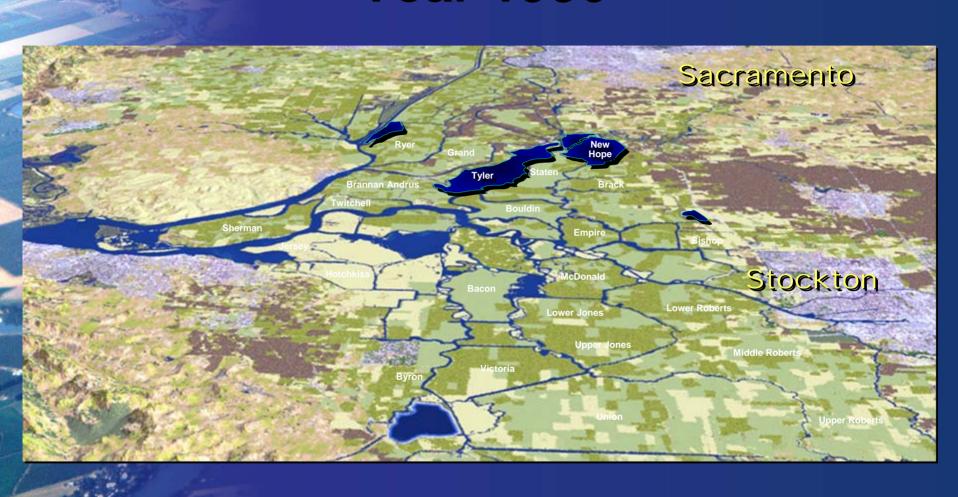
### **Year 1950**



### **Year 1980**

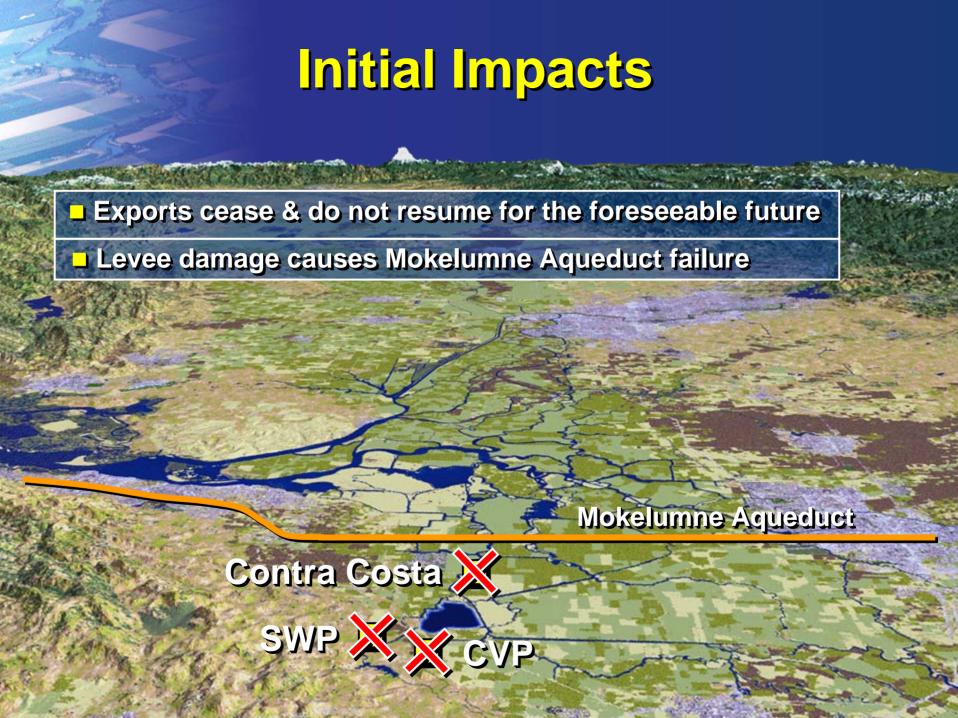


### **Year 1986**











#### ■ Infrastructure Failures

- Hwy 12 & 160 flooded
- Natural gas and oil pipeline ruptures
- Railroad embankment failure

#### Resulting In

- Major transportation disruption in Bay-Delta region
- Interruption of rail and truck deliveries
- Shortage in natural gas
- Hazardous spills and cleanup



- Levee failures partially block Stockton Deep Water Channel
- Port of Stockton shut down until dredging reopens channel



- 85,000 acres of ag land & crops flooded
- **3,000** homes inundated





- Command posts setup in Rio Vista, Stockton & Antioch
- Rescue operations conducted (Coast Guard, National Guard, Sheriff & Police)
- CDF & CCC crews mobilized to lay plastic & sandbags to reduce wave erosion
- Access to islands limited; inhibits emergency efforts



- Flood fights on non-flooded islands due to increased seepage
- Available barge-mounted cranes mobilized to armor levee edges
- Additional cranes, tugs & barges requested from Long Beach & Seattle
- 2 to 4 weeks for additional equipment to arrive
- Damage to other infrastructure competes for response assets

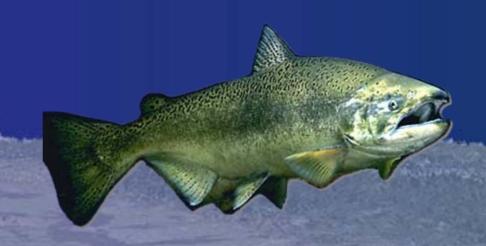
## Extended Impacts



### Water Availability

- Levee repairs will require at least 15 months;
   More realistically, the repairs will take longer
- Southern Cal agencies drawing from reserves;
   Some will last 24 months; others will go dry sooner
- Extreme conservation measures enacted
- Groundwater basins drawn down may lead to contamination
- Water conservation & transfer programs enacted

# Extended Impacts



### Water Quality

Brackish water remains in deep pools along remnant levees

#### → Fisheries

Impact to endangered species & food chain unknown; Likely, some species would benefit & others would be severely hurt

# **Extended Impacts**



#### One-Year Later

- Efforts to close breaches are incomplete
- Additional levees have failed due to insufficient equipment & materials to repair them
- Wind-driven waves have eaten away 20% of the levees on 9 islands
- More breaches than immediately after earthquake
- Levee damage at least \$6 billion

# **Extended**Impacts





### ■ Water Supply Response

- After one year, only 7 islands have been saved
- Efforts to recover remaining islands abandoned
- Rock barriers are placed in waterways to reroute the San Joaquin River to the SWP & CVP pumps
- Barriers take 1 month & 130,000 tons of rock

## Overall Consequences

- **30 40 billion loss to California's economy**
- Job losses exceed 30,000

